REMARKS

A. Allowable Subject Matter

Applicant wishes to thank the Examiner for indicating that claims 11, 24, 32 and 39 are allowable if rewritten in independent form to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

B. <u>Double Patenting</u>

Claims 1, 4, 12, 15, 28 and 33 were rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 16, 28 and 35 of U.S. Patent No. 6,865,179 (the '179 Patent) in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,330,239 to Suzuki ("Suzuki"). Applicant respectfully disagrees and traverses these rejections.

To satisfy an obviousness double-patenting grounds for rejecting the claims the Examiner must demonstrate that the rejected claims are of the "same scope" as claims in the '179 Patent. On their face the claims of the instant application and those of the '179 patent are not the same. The instant claims are directed at *IP traffic* routing while those of the '179 Patent are directed at *ATM traffic* routing. The two are not the same, notwithstanding the Examiner's position that they are the same.

In the Final Office Action the Examiner appears to take the position that the two sets of claims are the same because the words IP traffic in the claims can be replaced with the words ATM traffic from the claims in the '179 Patent.

Applicants respectfully disagree. Though it is true that IP traffic may be transmitted using an ATM transmission scheme that may include ATM service levels, that is not contemplated or disclosed in the '179 Patent; it is contemplated and disclosed in the instant application.

In more detail, as may be known by the Examiner "ATM" represents a transmission scheme while "IP" represents a data format. Further, ATM may be used to transmit information that may be formatted in any number of ways, not just IP. Said another way, while IP traffic may be transmitted using an ATM transmission scheme, the words IP and ATM are not synonymous as suggested or implied by the Examiner. Because the '179 Patent (both specification and claims) is totally silent with respect to the transmission of IP formatted traffic using ATM or any other transmission scheme the words "ATM traffic" in the '179 Patent may not include the IP formatted traffic as in the claims of the instant application.

Turning now to the rejection of claims 1, 4, 12, 15, 28 and 33 based on a combination of the '179 Patent and Suzuki, each of these claims recites, among other things, that IP traffic is routed to a circuit switch fabric or packet switch fabric depending on an ATM service category of the IP traffic. In contrast, the '179 patent discloses a controller that directs ATM traffic, not IP traffic, to a circuit switched switch fabric. Suzuki does not make up for this deficiency.

Accordingly, Applicant respectfully requests withdrawal of the rejections and allowance of claims 1, 4, 12, 15, 28 and 33.

C. <u>The Section 103 Rejections Based On Chang '412 In</u> Combination With Other References.

Claims 1 and 12 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 5,920,412 to Chang ("Chang '412") in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,657,757 to Chang et. al. ("Chang '757"). Further, claims 2, 3, 7, 13, 14, 28 and 33 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chang '412 in view of Chang '757, and further in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,570,355 to Dail et. al. ('Dail"). Applicants respectfully disagree and traverse these rejections for at least the following reasons.

Applicant respectfully submits that Chang '412 fails to teach or suggest: (i) the routing of IP traffic based on an ATM service category; (ii) at least one circuit switch and packet switch fabric making up a (iii) hybrid telecommunications switch as recited in claim 1 and similarly recited in claims 12, 28 and 33.

As admitted by the Examiner, Chang '412 is unrelated to IP traffic. Further, Applicant respectfully submits that the "type check 24" disclosed in Chang '412 determines whether an optical signal is an ATM or STM signal without taking into consideration the ATM service level of any of the traffic (see Chang '412, column 12, lines 13-14; 32-33; 53-54; and column 15, lines 25-

52). In sum, Chang '412 does not disclose the routing of IP traffic based on an ATM service category as recited in claim 1 and similarly recited in claims 12, 28 and 33.

Next, though the Examiner appears to equate the "Optical Network Routing Apparatus (ONRA) 14d" of Chang '412 with the claimed hybrid telecommunications switch, this is inaccurate. The ONRA is a router, not a switch. Chang '412 itself uses the two words router and switch differently (see for example, "ONRA 14d", "ATM switch 10", and "STM Station or Switch 20" in Fig. 4.). In sum, Chang '412 does not disclose a hybrid telecommunications switch as recited in claim 1 and similarly recited in claims 12, 28 and 33.

Last, but not least, the Examiner appears to equate the "STM' and "ATM" add/drop multiplexers (ADMs) 28, 32 of Chang '412 with the claimed circuit switch and packet switch fabrics. This too is inaccurate. An ADM is not a switch as is no doubt realized by the Examiner. Further, Chang '412 itself uses the two words ADM and switch differently (see for example, "STM ADM 28", "ATM ADM 32", "ATM switch 10", and "STM Station or Switch 20" in Fig. 4.). In sum, Chang '412 does not disclose a hybrid telecommunications switch that comprises a circuit switch fabric and packet switch fabric as recited in claim 1 and similarly recited in claims 12, 28 and 33.

Chang '757 and Dail do not make up for these deficiencies.

The Final Office Action also includes rejections of other claims of the instant application under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) based on a combination of Chang '412, Chang '757 with one or more additional references, some of which have been relied upon by the Examiner (and traversed by the Applicant) in previous Office Actions.

Applicants respectfully submit that each of these other rejected claims are dependent upon either claim 1, 12, 28 or 33 and are, therefore, patentable over a combination of Chang '412, Chang '757 and any other additional reference(s) for the reasons set forth above with respect to claims 1, 12, 28 and 33 and because none of these additional references makes up for the deficiencies of Chang '412.

D. Conclusion

Applicant respectfully requests withdrawal of the rejections and allowance of claims 1-42.

In the event this Response does not place the present application in condition for allowance, applicant requests the Examiner to contact the undersigned at (703) 266-3330 to schedule a personal interview.

If necessary, the Commissioner is hereby authorized in this, concurrent, and future replies, to charge payment or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 50-3777 for any additional fees required under 37 C.F.R. § 1.16 or under 37 C.F.R. § 1.17; particularly, extension of time fees.

Respectfully submitted,

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